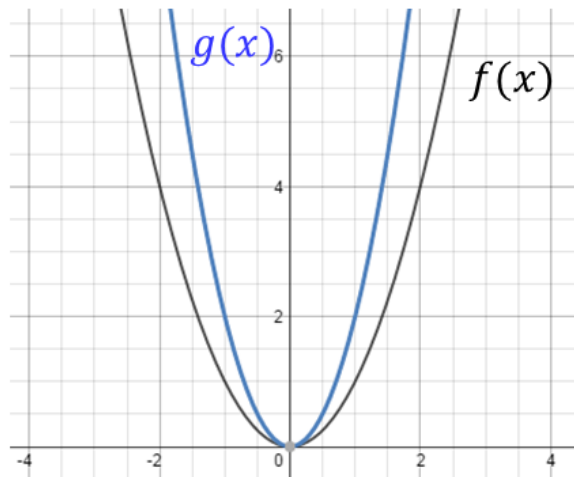


Objective: Describe how to transform the graph of $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of the related function $g(x)$.

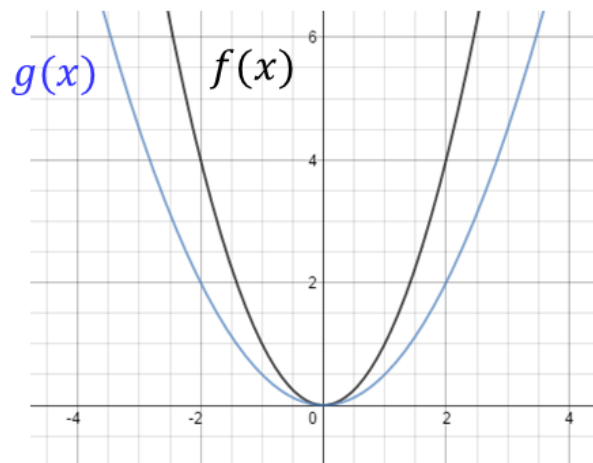
Concept

Value of a	Transformations of the graph of $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of $g(x) = a \cdot f(x - h) + k$
$ a > 1$	Vertical Stretch by a factor of $ a $, and translate h units horizontally and k units vertically.
$ a < 1$	Vertical Compression by a factor of $ a $, and translate h units horizontally and k units vertically.
$a < 0$	Reflection across the x -axis.

Vertical Stretch: $|a| > 1$



Vertical Compression: $|a| < 1$

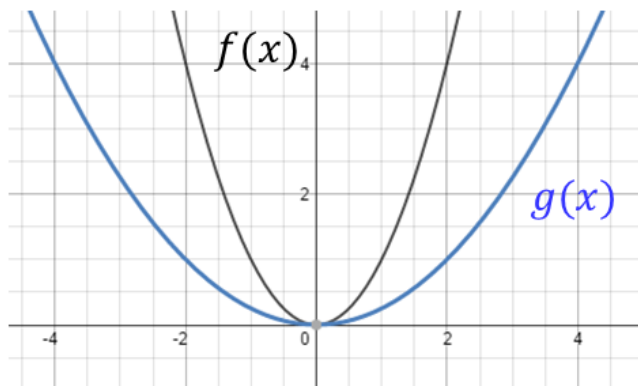


Objective: Describe how to transform the graph of $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of the related function $g(x)$.

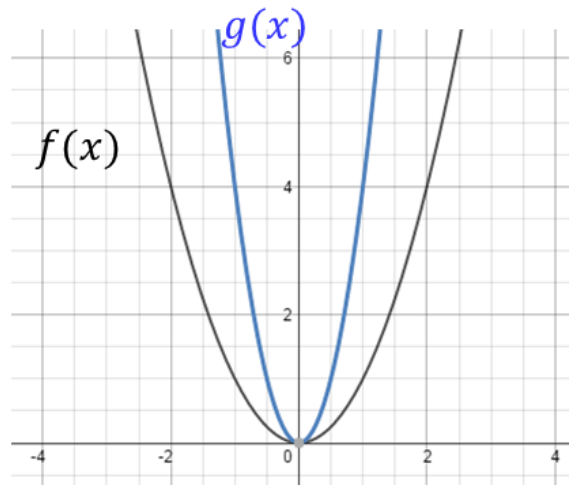
Concept

Value of b <i>reciprocal</i>	Transformations of the graph of $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of $g(x) = f\left(\frac{1}{b}(x-h)\right) + k$
$ b > 1$	Horizontal Stretch by a factor of $ b $, and translate h units horizontally and k units vertically.
$ b < 1$	Horizontal Compression by a factor of $ b $, and translate h units horizontally and k units vertically.
$b < 0$	Reflection across the y -axis.

Horizontal Stretch: $|b| > 1$



Horizontal Compression: $|b| < 1$



Objective: Describe how to transform the graph of $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of the related function $g(x)$.

Ex) Given a function, $f(x)$, determine whether the related function $g(x)$ has a vertical stretch or horizontal stretch. Include the factor.

$$g(x) = 3f(x)$$

$$\overset{a}{\underline{\underline{a}}} = 3 \rightarrow |a| = |3| = 3 > 1 \rightarrow \underline{\underline{\text{stretch}}}$$

vertical stretch
by a factor of 3

$$g(x) = f\left(\frac{1}{2}(x)\right)$$

$$\uparrow$$

$$\frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\star \underline{\underline{b}} = 2 \rightarrow |b| = |2| = 2 > 1 \rightarrow \underline{\underline{\text{stretch}}}$$

horizontal stretch
by a factor of 2

Objective: Describe how to transform the graph of $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of the related function $g(x)$.

Ex) Given a function, $f(x)$, determine whether the related function $g(x)$ has a vertical compression or horizontal compression. Include the factor.

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{2}f(x)$$

$$\frac{a}{\text{vert.}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow |a| = \left| \frac{1}{2} \right| = \frac{1}{2} < 1$$

comp.

vertical compression by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$

$$g(x) = f(8(x))$$

$$\frac{1}{b} = 8$$

$$\star \frac{b}{\text{horiz.}} = \frac{1}{8} \rightarrow |b| = \left| \frac{1}{8} \right| = \frac{1}{8} < 1$$

comp.

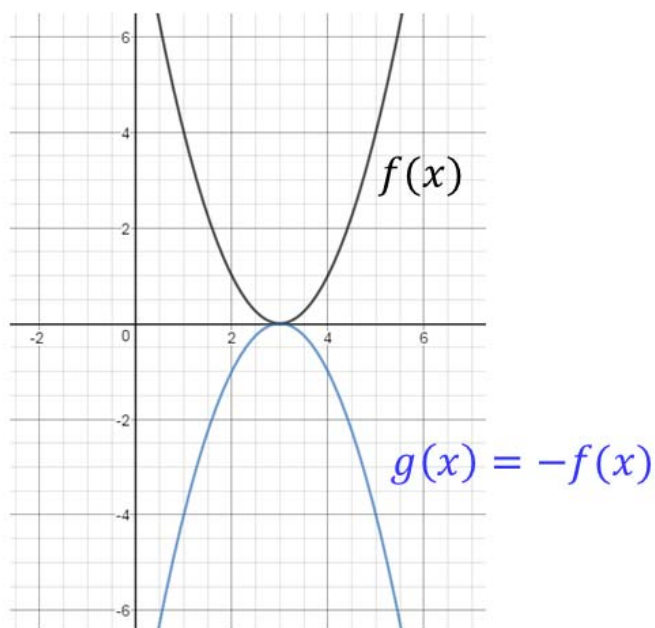
horizontal compression by a factor of $\frac{1}{8}$

Objective: Describe how to transform the graph of $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of the related function $g(x)$.

Concept

reflection across the x-axis

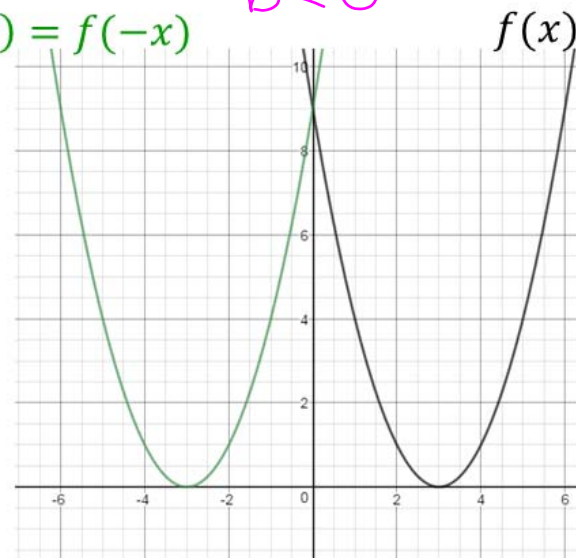
$$a < 0$$



reflection across the y-axis

$$b < 0$$

$$g(x) = f(-x)$$



Objective: Describe how to transform the graph of $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of the related function $g(x)$.

Ex) Given the function $f(x)$ determine whether the related graph of $g(x)$ will have a reflection across the x -axis or y -axis and the type of stretch/compression. Include the factor.

$$g(x) = -2^a f(x)$$

$$\underline{a} = -2 < 0$$

x-axis refl.

$$|\underline{a}| = |-2| = 2 \geq 1$$

vert. stretch

an x -axis reflection and a vertical stretch by a factor of 2

$$g(x) = f\left(-\frac{1}{b}(x)\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{b} = -3$$

$$\frac{1}{b} = -3 < 0$$

y-axis refl.

$$|\underline{b}| = \left|-\frac{1}{3}\right| = \frac{1}{3} < 1$$

horiz. comp.

a y -axis reflection and a horizontal compression by a factor of $\frac{1}{3}$



Objective: Describe how to transform the graph of $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of the related function $g(x)$.

Ex) Describe how to transform the graph of the function $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of the related function $g(x)$.

$$g(x) = f\left(\frac{1}{2}(x-4)\right) + 3 \quad k=3$$

$\frac{1}{b}$ opp=h
 b h=4

$$\frac{1}{b} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$b = -2 < 0 \text{ y-axis refl.}$$

$$|b| = |-2| = 2 > 1$$

horiz. stretch

$$h = 4 \text{ right 4}$$

$$k = 3 \text{ up 3}$$

a y-axis reflection, a horizontal stretch by a factor of 2 and a translation right 4 units and up 3 units

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{3}f(x+2) - 1 \quad k=-1$$

a opp=h
 $h=-2$

$$a = \frac{1}{3} > 0 \text{ no refl.}$$

$$|a| = \left|\frac{1}{3}\right| = \frac{1}{3} < 1$$

vert. comp.

$$h = -2 \text{ left 2 units}$$

$$k = -1 \text{ down 1 unit}$$

a vertical compression by a factor of $\frac{1}{3}$ and a translation left 2 units and down 1 unit

Objective: Describe how to transform the graph of $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of the related function $g(x)$.

Ex) Describe how to transform the graph of the function $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of the related function $g(x)$.

$$g(x) = f\left(\frac{1}{b}(x)\right) - k$$

$\frac{1}{b} = -1$. \swarrow y-axis refl.
 $b = -1 < 0$
 $|b| = |-1| = 1 = 1$ no stretch
 no comp.

$k = -5$ down 5

a y-axis reflection and
a translation down 5 units

$$g(x) = a f(x - h)$$

$a = -3 < 0$ x-axis refl.
 $|a| = |-3| = 3$ stretch
 vert.

$h = 9$ right 9

an x-axis reflection,
a vertical stretch
by a factor of 3
and a translation
right 9 units.

Objective: Describe how to transform the graph of $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of the related function $g(x)$.

Closure

Eddie was asked to describe the transformation of the function $f(x)$ to obtain the graph of the related function $g(x) = f\left(-\frac{1}{3}(x)\right) - 5$.

Below is his response.

Reflect $f(x)$ across the x-axis, then a horizontal compression by a factor of $\frac{1}{3}$, and translate 5 units left.

Explain how to correct Eddie's response.

To correct Eddie's response I would write: Reflect $f(x)$ across the **y-axis**, then **stretch** horizontally by a **factor of 3**, and translate **down 5 units**.