Objective: Interpret and write the equation of a circle.

## Concept

## Equation of a Circle

$$
\begin{gathered}
(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2}=r^{2} .{ }_{\text {OPP }} \\
2
\end{gathered}
$$

with center $C(h, k)$ and radius $r$ units


A circle is defined as the set of points equidistant from a point called the center.

It is created using the coordinates of the center and the radius of the circle.

Objective: Interpret and write the equation of a circle.
Ex) State the center and exact radius of the circle.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (x \overparen{\text { ob p }})^{2}+(y-8)^{2}=81 r^{2} \\
& h=-6 \quad k=8
\end{aligned}
$$

Center

$$
(-6,8)
$$

(2)

$$
\text { radius }=r=\sqrt{81}=9 \text { units }
$$

Objective: Interpret and write the equation of a circle.
Ex) State the center and exact radius of the circle.
means: $\left.(x-0)^{2}+(y-0)^{2}=20\right)^{r}$
$h=0 \quad k=0$
Center: $(0,0)$

$$
\text { radius }=r=\sqrt{\frac{20}{4} \cdot \sqrt{5}}=2 \sqrt{5} \text { units }
$$

Objective: Interpret and write the equation of a circle.

Concept
Steps to Write the Equation of a Circle when the Radius Is Known

1. Identify the center, $(h, k)$ and the radius, $r$.
2. Place the values of $h, k$ and $r$ into the circle equation: $(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2}=r^{2}$
3. Simplify where necessary.

Objective: Interpret and write the equation of a circle.

Ex) Write the equation of the circle with center $(5,-6)$ and radius of 4 units.
(1) $(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2}=r^{2}$


Objective: Interpret and write the equation of a circle.

Ex) Write the equation of the circle with center $(-4,0)$ and radius of $3 \sqrt{6}$ units.

(2) $h=-4$
(3) $r=3 \sqrt{6}$
$k=0$
(4)

(5) simplify.

$$
(x+4)^{2}+y^{2}=54
$$

Objective: Interpret and write the equation of a circle.

## Concept

## Steps to Write the Equation of a Circle when the Radius Isn't Known

1. Identify the center, $(h, k)$
2. Place the values of $h$ and $k$ into the circle equation: $(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2}=r^{2}$
3 Identify another point on the circle, $(x, y)$.
3. Plug the values for $x$ and $y$ into the equation:
$(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2}=r^{2}$ and solve for the value of $r^{2}$.
4. Write the final equation, simplifying where necessary.

Objective: Interpret and write the equation of a circle.
Ex) Write the equation of the circle whose center is $(2,-4)$ and point $P(3,0)$ is on the circle.
(1) $(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2}=r^{2}$
(2) $C \begin{gathered}(2,-4) \\ h\end{gathered}$
*(3) $(x-2)^{2}+(y--4)^{2}=r^{2}$
(4) point $P\binom{3,0)}{x}$

$$
\begin{gathered}
(3-2)^{2}+(0--4)^{2}=r^{2} \\
4^{2} \\
+\quad 16=r^{2} \\
17=r^{2} \\
\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)(x-2)^{2}+(y+4)^{2}=17
\end{gathered}
$$

Objective: Interpret and write the equation of a circle.
Ex) Write the equation of the circle whose graph is shown.
(1) $(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2}=r^{2}$
(2) Center $(-3,1)$
h k
$*(x--3)^{2}+(y-1)^{2}=r^{2}$

(3) $P(1,4)$

$$
\begin{gathered}
(1--3)^{2}+(4-1)^{2}=r^{2} \\
3^{2} \\
16+9=r^{2} \\
25=r^{2} \\
(4)(x+3)^{2}+(y-1)^{2}=25
\end{gathered}
$$

