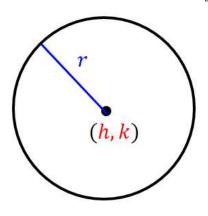
Concept

Equation of a Circle

$$(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 = r^2$$

with center C(h, k) and radius r units



A circle is defined as the set of points equidistant from a point called the center.

It is created using the coordinates of the center and the radius of the circle.

Ex) State the center and exact radius of the circle.

$$(x+6)^{2} + (y-8)^{2} = 81$$

$$h = -6 \qquad k = 8$$

$$(-6,8)$$

Ex) State the center and exact radius of the circle.

$$x^{2} + y^{2} = 20$$

means: $(x-0)^{2} + (y-0)^{2} = 20$
 $h = 0$

$$radius = r = \sqrt{20} = 255 \text{ units}$$

$$\sqrt{4.55}$$



Concept

Steps to Write the Equation of a Circle when the Radius Is Known

- 1. Identify the center, (h, k) and the radius, r.
- 2. Place the values of h, k and r into the circle equation: $(x h)^2 + (y k)^2 = r^2$
- 3. Simplify where necessary.



Ex) Write the equation of the circle with center (5, -6) and radius of 4 units.

$$0(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2}=r^{2}$$

4)
$$(x-5)^2 + (y-36)^2 = 4^2$$



Ex) Write the equation of the circle with center (-4,0) and radius of $3\sqrt{6}$ units.

$$()(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2}=r^{2} (2) h=-4 k=0$$

$$(y) (x = 34)^{2} + (y - 0)^{2} = (356)^{2} = 9.6$$

$$(x + 4)^{2} + y^{2} = 54$$

$$(x + 4)^{2} + y^{2} = 54$$

Concept

Steps to Write the Equation of a Circle when the Radius Isn't Known

- 1. Identify the center, (h, k)
- 2. Place the values of h and k into the circle equation:

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$$

- Identify another point on the circle, (x, y).
- 4. Plug the values for x and y into the equation:

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$$
 and solve for the value of r^2 .

5. Write the final equation, simplifying where necessary.



Ex) Write the equation of the circle whose center is (2, -4) and point P(3,0) is on the circle.

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$$

*3
$$(x-2)^2 + (y--4)^2 = r^2$$

(9) Point
$$P(3,0)$$

 $(3-2)^2 + (0-4)^2 = r^2$
 $1 + 16 = r^2$

$$(x-a)^2 + (y+4)^2 = 17$$

Ex) Write the equation of the circle whose graph is shown.

$$O(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2}=r^{2}$$

2 Center (-3, 1) h k

$$(\chi - 3)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = r^2$$



$$(1 - 3)^{2} + (4 - 1)^{2} = r^{2}$$

$$4^{2}$$

$$3^{2}$$

$$16 + 9 = r^2$$

$$25 = r$$

$$(x+3)^{2} + (y-1)^{2} = 25$$