Concept

Factoring Trinomials of Higher Degree Completely

- Factor out any GCF (remember, this can be a numerical and/or a variable factor)
- 2. Factor Trinomials into Two Binomials (if possible)
- 3. Factor any difference of two squares: $(a)^2 (b)^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$



Ex) Factor each polynomial completely.

$$x^{4} - 25x^{2} + 24$$

$$- 8 - 3$$

$$- 6 - 4$$

$$x^{3} \times x$$

2) two
binomials
$$(x)^{2} - (1)^{2} \times x^{2} - 24$$

$$- (1)^{2} \times x^{2} + 24$$

$$- (1)^{2} \times x$$

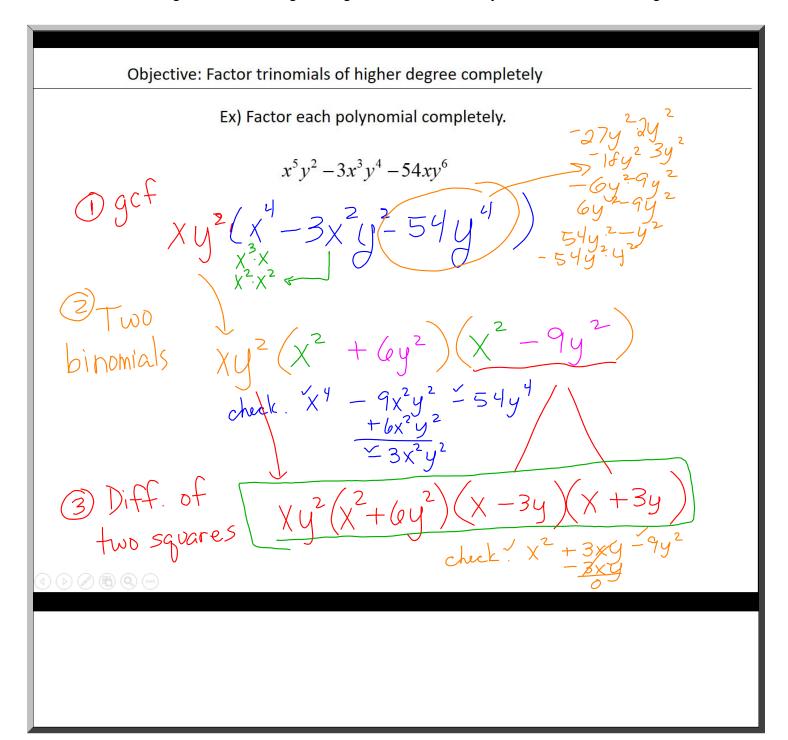


Objective: Factor trinomials of higher degree completely Ex) Factor each polynomial completely. $4x^4 - 26x^3y + 40x^2y^2$ $2x^{2}(2x-5y)(x-4x)$

Ex) Factor each polynomial completely.

$$5x^{4}y - 15x^{3}y + 20x^{2}y$$

$$5x^{2}y(x^{2} - 3x + 4)$$



Ex) Factor each polynomial completely.

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$$2(2x^2 - xy - y^2)$$
 $2x - xy - y^2$
 $2x - xy - y^2$